



Safeguard the future

The world desperately needs more people to fall in love with nature—with woods, wildlife, water, snowy mountains, coral reefs, and fragile habitats everywhere.

Because if people love something, they want to look after it. It's that simple.

At The Wild Center, we know exactly how to cultivate and spread that passion for nature. **But we can't do it without your help.**

RIVER OTTER

The only species of otter that lives in New York State, the River Otter is a member of the weasel family. Like humans, they are playful and fun—which is why we chose them to represent The Wild Center in our logo. Once in serious decline because of habitat destruction, their numbers have increased thanks to reintroduction projects and wildlife management policies.

We are facing what may be the most urgent crisis in human history: the ever-increasing threat to our Earth home.

This is not about politics. It's not a question of blame as to what—or who—is responsible. It's about the rapid environmental changes that are altering our natural world and, consequently, all of life on Earth. It's about whether the planet can sustain our children and grandchildren.

The facts are not in dispute.

Science brings us new evidence every day, every hour. Global temperatures are increasing. Average sea levels rose nearly twice as much in the last two decades as they did during the entire previous century. The concentration of atmospheric carbon dioxide is on a steady march upward.

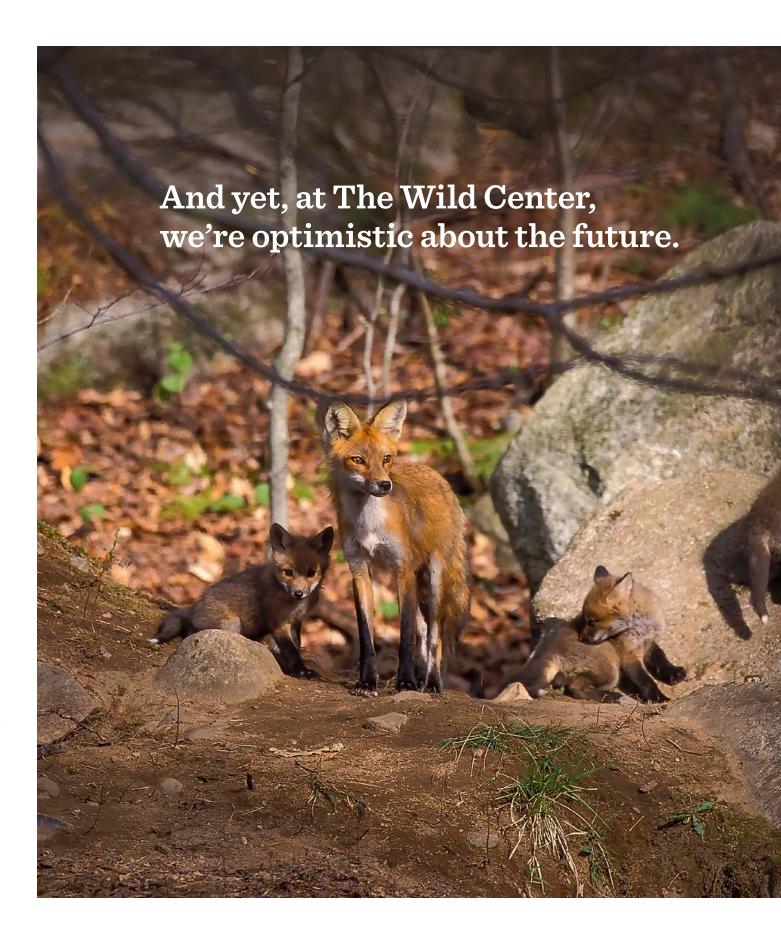
The impact of these changes on all forms of life is dramatic—even catastrophic. Dozens of species of plants

and animals go extinct every day—and experts predict that as many as half of all species on the planet could be headed for extinction by the middle of this century. What we don't know yet is how these changes will ultimately affect us.

So yes—this is indeed a grave problem.

MONARCHS AND MILKWEED

The population of the Monarch Butterfly, already shrinking due to deforestation and climate change, is further threatened by the use of pesticides and herbicides in its migration pathways. These toxins have caused a decline in Milkweed, where the Monarchs lay their eggs, and that serves as the only food source for caterpillars.





IN THE YEARS since we welcomed our first visitor, we have developed an approach that inspires individuals to take meaningful steps to protect our environment. We've seen it work again and again. But we need your support to maintain and expand this effort.

Help people fall in love with nature.

It sounds unbelievably simple, but it's actually the foundation upon which any effort to safeguard our environment— and our future—depends. Jacques Cousteau, the great undersea explorer and educator, said it best: "People protect what they love."

We know how to spark that love and forge a deep connection. A visit to The Wild Center offers a thousand and one thrilling ways to experience the Adirondack environment up close and to appreciate the delicate balance between humans and nature.

When you return home, you'll see your own natural environment with fresh eyes and new wonder. And you will be moved to act. To do whatever it takes to protect what you've come to love.



The stunning Wood Duck nests in trees near water.

After hatching, the ducklings jump down from the nest tree to make their way to water. They prefer nesting over water so the young have a soft landing, but can jump to the shore from over 50 feet without injury.



BROOK TROUT

The Brook Trout is vulnerable to both climate change and pollution, thriving only in clean, cold mountain lakes and streams.

During spawning season, males develop bright markings to attract females.

Come here ...

I want to show you something really cool.

If The Wild Center could talk, that's what it would say. An invitation to explore, and a promise that—whoever you are—you'll find it well worth the effort.

People come to The Wild Center to be wowed—to meet an otter, nose-to-nose, in a reconstruction of its river-habitat; to touch a hunk of a glacier ice; to comb through drawers of carefully catalogued bones, beaks, and wings; to paddle meditatively on the Raquette River; or to see the forest from an eagle's viewpoint on Wild Walk, our walking trail 30 feet up in the treetops.

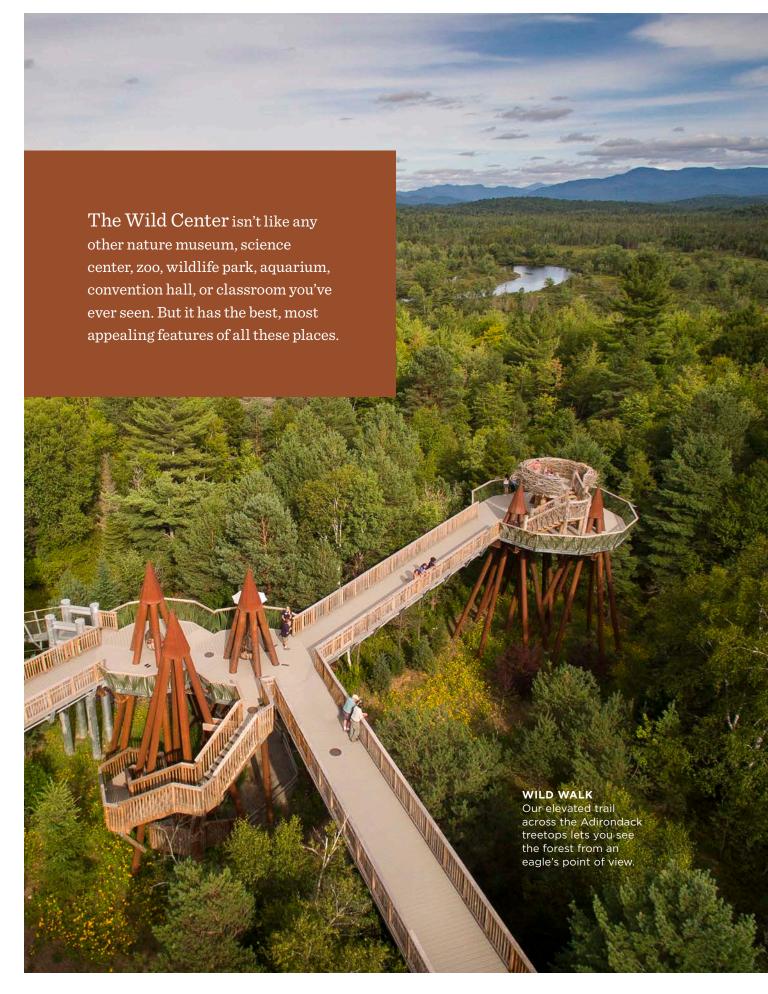
Or, to say it more simply, our naturalists and education experts will try anything to capture the attention and joy of anyone—whatever your interest or level of familiarity with the Adirondack outdoors.

To know me is to love me.

We think you'd be hard-pressed to find anyone who can resist falling in love when nose-to-nose with an otter, up close and personal with a barred owl, or admiring the flash of color in a school of brook trout. That's where the magic comes in.

Suddenly you find you are curious about its life and behavior, and how it fits in to the local ecosystem. You're concerned about protecting its food sources and habitat. You wonder what impact your behavior has on its wellbeing. You want to know: How can I help preserve the wild?

We've got the answers.



3

Our naturalists and educators create ingenious experiences and activities that connect people of all ages, levels, and interests to nature.

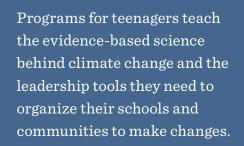








There are hands-on activities and displays geared to engage children, stoke their enthusiasm for the natural world, and show them how their actions impact the environment.











The Wild Center redefines what a museum can be.







How do we know what we're doing is working?

Thanks to the generosity and foresight of thousands of dedicated supporters, we achieved a lot to be proud of in just over ten years. Please take a look at just a few of the ways we've connected people with nature and inspired them to make a difference:

- In our first ten years we hosted more than one million visitors.
- More than **7,000 children**, from well over 100 different schools, participate in transformative educational programs each year.
- Our award-winning **Youth Climate Program** for teens and college students has reached more than 25,000 young people. It's been recognized as a model program by the White House in 2014 and sent youth representatives to the Paris Climate Change Conference and the United Nations.
- The **Youth Climate Summit**, which brings teams of students to The Wild Center each year to learn about climate change and develop action plans to bring home to their schools and communities, has been replicated with our help across the country and the globe—in Detroit, Seattle, Houston, Vermont, Finland, and Sri Lanka, with more in the works.

- We were the first to adapt an innovative art education curriculum called **Visual Thinking Strategies** to the study of science and nature, with the assistance of nearly \$500,000 in funding from the federal government.
- We were the first museum in New
 York state to receive Leadership in
 Energy and Environmental Design
 Certification (LEED) from the US
 Green Building Council, making our
 facility a model for sustainable building
 practices and a demonstration site for
 solar power, pellet boiler heating, and
 green roof technology.
- We were the first organization in New York to partner with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to install its amazing invention, Science On a Sphere®, a room-sized, global display system that uses computers and video projectors to display planetary data onto a six-foot-diameter sphere.

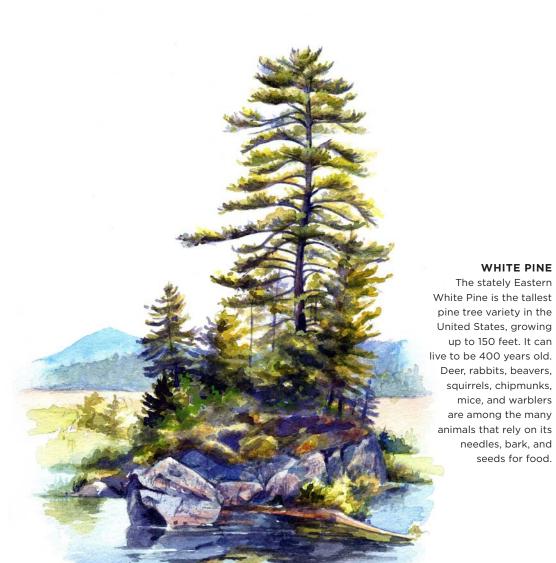
 We call it **Planet Adirondack**.

10

PEOPLE COME TO THE WILD CENTER to be thrilled by the wonders of the wild. And they leave with a powerful connection to nature and a new understanding of the interdependence between humans and the world around us.

They leave with a sense of hope.

Because they see that they can have a positive impact on the problem. And they've learned how to take the first steps.



WHITE PINE







12



We can't afford to lose our momentum. The consequences are too great. That's why we need you, today more than ever.

Feeding and housing over 400 native animals—otters, turtles, owls, trout, beavers, hawks, porcupines, ravens, and snakes—is expensive. Maintaining a spectacular indoor/outdoor facility that takes you inside nature—under the pond, on the river, up in the treetops, out in the woods—costs money. And offering a range of intensive science-education programs for kids and adults requires resources.

The revenue we take in from admissions, grants, and government funding combined pays for just over half of these ongoing expenses. We rely on donors like you to make up the difference.

And to make lasting change, we must do even more. You can help us create new, even better ways to engage more people with the natural world here at The Wild Center. With your help, we can expand our reach beyond the region and around the world with online resources and off-site programs.

We urgently need your help to make people everywhere fall in love with the wild. Because that's the only way to save it.

PORCUPINE

Cute, but certainly not cuddly, the North American porcupine is the second largest rodent on the continent (only beavers are larger). Porcupines have about 30,000 needle-like quills mixed in with their soft hair. They can't throw or shoot their quills, as is commonly believed. Instead, when threatened, a porcupine swats with its tail, embedding its quills into its attacker.





FOR THOUSANDS OF YEARS, humans have taken the future for granted. Now, for the first time, the outlook is uncertain.

You are the key to reclaiming our future.

This is your opportunity to have a fundamental impact on the future of the human species and the health of the environment.

We can't do it without your help ... but together, we can be the solution to the most urgent problem on Earth.

RED-SPOTTED NEWT

These little salamanders can live for up to 15 years. As larvae, they live in water and breathe with gills. As juveniles, or efts, they become land dwellers with lungs. As adults, they become aquatic once again. They can be indicators of healthy wetlands and forests, functioning as early warning systems for environmental problems.

